STATE OF CALIFORNIA

COMMISSION ON

PEACE OFFICER STANDARDS AND TRAINING

PEACE OFFICER STANDARDS ACCOUNTABILITY ADVISORY BOARD

(POSAAB) MEETING

THURSDAY, JULY 16, 2026

10:00 A.M.

MEETING HELD

AT THE OFFICES OF

COMMISSION ON POST

860 STILLWATER ROAD, SUITE 100

WEST SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA

REPORTER'S TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS

Stenographically Reported By:
Kathryn S. Swank
California Certified Shorthand Reporter #13061, RPR

A P P E A R A N C E S

POSAAB MEMBERS PRESENT

JOYCE DUDLEY
Governor Appointee
Attorney
(Chairperson)

ROBERT DOYLE
Marin County Sheriff (Retired)
Vice Chairperson

NICOLE CLAVO, Psy.D.
Governor Appointee
Public Member

REGINA HATCHER-CRAWFORD
Governor Appointee
Public Member

CEPHUS JOHNSON
Governor Appointee
Public Member

CHARLES LARA
Governor Appointee
Management Rank Peace Officer

MARGARET PENA
California State Legislature
(Retired)

---o0o---

PEACE OFFICER STANDARDS ACCOUNTABILITY ADVISORY BOARD LEGAL COUNSEL

CHRISTOPHER BEATTY
Deputy Attorney General
Department of Justice
Office of the Attorney General

---o0o---

A P P E A R A N C E S C O N T I N U E D

POST STAFF

ANNEMARIE DEL MUGNAIO
Assistant Executive Director
Peace Officer Standards
Accountability Division
Executive Office

GERALD FERNANDEZ
Law Enforcement Consultant
Professional Conduct Northern Division

BRIAN HOFFMAN
Attorney IV
Legal Affairs Bureau

CHANDLER KNAPP
Analyst II
Executive Office

CHRISTINA MOORE
Law Enforcement Consultant
Professional Conduct Central Bureau

---o0o---

ALSO PRESENT

PUBLIC SPEAKERS

BEATRICE JOHNSON

ANDREA SORCE

KORI McCOY

KRIS KELLY

MELISSA NOLD

---o0o---

I N D E X

PROCEEDINGS	PAGE
I. CALL TO ORDER	6
II. ROLL CALL OF POSAAB MEMBERS	6
III. PUBLIC COMMENT FOR ITEMS NOT ON THE AGENDA	8
IV. APPROVAL OF MEETING TRANSCRIPTS	48
Approval of Meeting Transcript from the April 15, 2026, Hearing	
V. ASSISTANT EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR COMMENTS	49
VI. NEW BUSINESS	
a. Proposed 2027 Peace Officer Standards Accountability Advisory Board Meeting Dates	49
b. Report on Data for Serious Misconduct Reporting, Investigations, and Disciplinary Action Outcomes	50
VII. NEW CASES - REVIEW, DISCUSSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS TO COMMISSION	
a. POST2507244 - Eduardo Escareno-Davila (POST ID: C99-P62) Last Employing Agency: Mendocino County Sheriff's Office	67
b. POST2505112 - Kevin Smithmatungol (POST ID: C88-T32) Last Employing Agency: Daly City Police Department	98
VIII. CLOSED SESSION	
(Transcripts prepared and bound under separate cover)	
a. POST2507244 - Eduardo Escareno-Davila (POST ID: C99-P62) Last Employing Agency: Mendocino County Sheriff's Office	96

I N D E X C O N T I N U E D

PROCEEDINGS	PAGE
IX. FUTURE BOARD MEETING DATES	--
October 14-15, 2026 - POST, West Sacramento	
ADJOURNMENT	131
CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER	132
ERRATA SHEET	133

---o0o---

Thursday, July 16, 2026, 10:09 a.m.

West Sacramento, California

---o0o---

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: Good morning, everyone. Today is Thursday, July 16th, 2026. And the time is 10:09. Thank you for attending the Peace Officers Standards Accountability Advisory Board.

Please note this hearing is being livestreamed, recorded and transcribed.

Further, please note that the microphones are auto on/off. When you begin speaking, they will go live with you. You will need to watch your crosstalk.

We will now call the roll of board members.

MR. KNAPP: Thank you, Madam Chair.

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: Good morning, Mr. Knapp.

MR. KNAPP: Thank you, everybody.

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: Thank you. Good morning.

MR. KNAPP: Member Clavo.

MEMBER CLAVO: Present.

MR. KNAPP: Member Crawford.

MEMBER HATCHER-CRAWFORD: Present.

MR. KNAPP: Member Doyle.

MEMBER DOYLE: Here.

MR. KNAPP: Chair Dudley.

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: Here.

MR. KNAPP: Member Johnson.
MEMBER JOHNSON: Present.
MR. KNAPP: Member Lara.
MEMBER LARA: Present.
MR. KNAPP: And Member Pena.
MEMBER PENA: Present.
MR. KNAPP: Thank you. Madam Chair, all members present.
CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: Wonderful. A quorum has been established.
I would now like to introduce -- to my left is Christopher Beatty and POST Assistant Executive Director Annemarie Del "Munig" -- I got it this time. Del Mu- -- Del "Munio."
MS. DEL MUGNAIO: Del Mugnaio.
CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: Del Mugnaio. I don't have it this time.
You'd think I would have memorized that by now.
All right. The time is set aside for members of the public who wish to comment on items not on the agenda but those within the Board's jurisdiction. Public comment on matters on the agenda will be heard after each item is presented.
Public comment on specific peace officer revocation cases to be heard today will be heard at the time of the

Lara.

MEMBER LARA: Aye.

MR. KNAPP: Lara, aye.

Pena.

MEMBER PENA: No.

MR. KNAPP: Six in favor. Motion carries.

Okay. Moving on to the next case.

Thank you very much.

Okay. This is, at this time -- let's see. At this time, I will now call upon Law Enforcement Consultant Chrintina [sic] --

MS. MOORE: Christina.

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: Moore, Professional Conduct Central Bureau; and Brian Hoffman, Attorney IV, Legal Affairs Bureau, to provide a report on POST2505112.

And can you pronounce the last name for me?

MS. MOORE: Christina Moore.

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: No. Not your last name. Your last name, I got.

MS. MOORE: Kevin Smithmatungol.

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: Say it again.

MS. MOORE: Kevin Smithmatungol.

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: Smithmatungol.

MS. DEL MUGNAIO: Joyce, can you hold for one second?

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: Yeah.

MS. DEL MUGNAIO: We got to go find our attorney.

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: We're going to have to pause and look for your attorney.

(Pause in proceedings.)

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: Now we have Brian Hoffman, Attorney IV, Legal Affairs Bureau, to provide a report on POST2505112, Kevin Smithmatungol, who, at the time of the events at issue in this case, was employed with Daly City Police Department.

Okay. Please proceed.

MS. MOORE: Good afternoon, Madam Chair and Members of the Board.

My name is Christina Moore. And I am one of the Law Enforcement Consultants assigned to the Professional Conduct Central Bureau, in the Peace Officer Standards Accountability Division.

With me today is Brian Hoffman, an attorney with our Legal Affairs Bureau.

I'm here today to present Case Number POST2505112, POST2505137, and POST2505140, involving Kevin Smithmatungol, who at the time was employed by the Daly City Police Department.

It is the Division's determination that clear and convincing evidence exists to demonstrate that Kevin

Smithmatungol committed an act of serious misconduct, as set forth in Penal Code section 13510.8, on January 31st, 2025.

Specifically, the Division has determined that Officer Smithmatungol committed dishonesty when he provided false statements during three separate Internal Affairs interviews.

First, I will provide a background on Officer Smithmatungol, hereinafter the "Respondent," and an outline of relevant events.

Second, I will summarize each of the three incidents under investigation, provide examples of the respondent's specific statements in each, and identify the evidence in each respective investigation.

Finally, I will provide analysis supporting the Division's determination that the respondent's actions constituted serious misconduct.

The respondent began his career with the Daly City Police Department on January 3rd, 2022, as a trainee.

On July 11th, 2022, the respondent was promoted to the position of police officer and had been an officer for approximately two and a half years at the time the serious misconduct occurred.

The respondent was the subject of three Internal Affairs investigations, each relating to separate

incidents.

Daly City Police Department conducted three separate and distinct interviews, with the respondent all on January 31st, 2025.

During each interview, the respondent provided false statements.

He made false statements when he -- when he stated:

A. He obtained the fingerprint of a shoplifter;

B. He was late for training because he was handling evidence;

And, C. He attempted to complete service of two subpoenas.

Following the conclusion of the three administrative investigations, the Daly City served the respondent a Notice of Intent to Terminate, and the respondent submitted his resignation of employment.

The investigation established, by clear and convincing evidence, that the respondent did not obtain a fingerprint of a shoplifter; was not handling evidence, causing him to be late for training; and did not attempt service of two subpoenas.

I will now provide details of the first investigation, provide an example of the respondent's specific false statements made in the Internal Affairs interview, and the supporting evidence.

On June 2nd, 2024, the respondent responded to a retail store regarding a female subject who was detained by security for shoplifting. The female subject verbally provided a name and date of birth, and a bank card with this name.

A records check through law enforcement databases revealed no matching records, no associated driver's license, or identification number.

The respondent cited and released the party without confirming the subject's identity.

On the day of the incident, when questioned by his supervisor regarding how the party was identified, the respondent stated he obtained the subject's fingerprint.

During his Internal Affairs interview, on January 31st, 2025, the respondent made multiple false statements by fabricating details of how, when, and where he obtained a fingerprint.

An example of this is when asked by the Internal Affairs investigator if he obtained a fingerprint of the female subject, the respondent made statements that he did.

When asked when the fingerprint was obtained, the respondent stated, quote, "I'm not sure how long after and she came out and that's when I realized I didn't get a fingerprint from her. And my ink pad is in the front

pocket of my duty bag," end quote.

He also stated, quote, "And when she walked out, I grabbed my thumbprint or my ink pad, got the thumbprint and put the citation in my car until the end of shift," end quote.

The Division investigation revealed that the respondent did not obtain the female subject -- female subject's fingerprint at any time.

Evidence to support that he did not obtain a fingerprint includes the following: The body-worn camera recordings from the respondent and responding officers captured the entire enforcement contact, as well as a subsequent enforcement contact at the same location; and displayed no evidence to substantiate a fingerprint was obtained.

The surveillance footage from the Target shopping center, which displayed the respondent's arrival, parked patrol vehicle, and departure from the scene, substantiated -- displayed evidence to substantiate no fingerprint was obtained.

The electronic ticket writer was not equipped to obtain a digital fingerprint, and the data extraction displayed no evidence a duplicate citation was printed.

During his interview with the Division on January 13th, 12026, the respondent admitted he did not

obtain a fingerprint from the subject at any time.

During his interview with the Division, the respondent admitted he was dishonest in his Internal Affairs interview when he claimed to have obtained a fingerprint. And when asked why, he stated, quote, "Um, I -- like I said, I have no excuse. I was going through some personal things then. And I -- I have no reason," end quote.

During his interview with the Division, the respondent confirmed he reviewed his body-worn camera prior to the Internal Affairs interview; was aware he should have booked the female subject when he was unable to identify her; and decided not to be forthcoming during his Internal Affairs interview.

When asked why by the Division, he explained it was his, quote, "First kind of disciplining and as well as some things back at home and -- or something happening at home. And I wasn't in the right mindset and I didn't take responsibility for my actions," end quote.

I will now proceed with a brief summary of the second investigation, provide an example of the respondent's specific false statements made in the Internal Affairs interview, and the supporting evidence.

Please note, some of the supporting evidence referenced, such as the body-worn camera footage from

the respondent's 12-hour shift, and hours of video in evidence showing the respondent was never at the location, were not included as attachments in the Investigative Summary and Findings, as the respondent did not dispute the allegations.

These materials were reviewed by POST during the investigation and can be made available upon your request.

On June 20th, 2024, the respondent was scheduled to attend a training day with a start time of 7:00 a.m. When he arrived in the training room at approximately 7:40 a.m., his supervisors asked why he was late. And the respondent stated he had been handling evidence-related matters with the property room manager.

At 8:07 a.m., the respondent then sent the property room manager the following text message:

"If Karen or Jerel [supervisors] asks can you please let them know I was handling evidence.com with you!"

During his Internal Affairs interview, the respondent made multiple false statements regarding the reason he was late, was evasive about his arrival time, and fabricated what he was doing at the time.

An example of this is when asked where he was at 0700 hours, he stated, quote, "Uh, locker room, changing

out, using the restroom. And then since it was Thursday, I had, uh, some emails from evidence that I was going to take care of," end quote.

When asked by the Internal Affairs investigators if he told the sergeants he was with the property room manager to avoid any type of punishment for being late, he explained it was a matter of semantics; that he told them he was doing evidence with her and actually meant to say "for her" and denied doing so to avoid punishment for being late.

The Division investigation revealed that the respondent did not handle evidence-related matters and it was not the cause of him being late for the training day.

Evidence to support he was not handling evidence prior to his arrival in the training room at 7:40 a.m. includes the following:

The respondent's training day was scheduled to begin at 7:00 a.m., and the Daly City Police Department door code audit indicated the respondent arrived at the station at 7:31 a.m.

No evidence in the electronic evidence management system was manipulated by the respondent prior to 11:00 a.m.

The property room manager stated she never met with

the respondent that morning.

During his interview with the Division, the respondent admitted he was late to training day because he woke up late. He explained he was, quote, exhausted, end quote, from working an overtime shift the night before.

The respondent admitted he did not handle evidence-related matters that morning and admitted the text message to the property room manager appeared untruthful.

I will now proceed with a brief summary of the third investigation, identify an example of the respondent's false statements made in the Internal Affairs interview, and the supporting evidence.

On October 25th, 2024, the respondent was assigned two subpoenas to serve during his patrol shift. At the end of his shift, the respondent informed his supervisor and wrote on the subpoena slip -- return slip, that he had attempted to serve both subpoenas and there was, quote, "no answer," end quote, citing the attempted service at 2123 and 2142 hours, respectively.

During his Internal Affairs interview, the respondent made multiple false statements and was adamant he attempted to serve both subpoenas until presented with evidence. Then the respondent could not

recall and ultimately conceded.

An example of this is, in response to the question, quote, "Can you say definitively that GPS on your patrol car would show you at these two addresses on this date?," end quote, the respondent stated, quote, "On that day, yes, it will," end quote.

Then, after being presented evidence that he did not go to either residence, the respondent stated, quote, "I don't -- I don't want to give you all these excuses. But if there's no video of me doing it, then I -- maybe I didn't do it. And I don't know why these dates and times would be on there, but I -- I don't remember honestly," end quote.

The Division investigation revealed that the respondent did not attempt to serve either subpoena. Evidence to support no service was attempted includes the following:

The respondent's body-worn camera from the entire shift indicated there was no service attempted;

The automated license plate reader data from the respondent's patrol vehicle indicated there was no service attempted;

The door camera surveillance from a nearby neighborhood indicated there was no service attempted;

Witness interviews with members of the residence

indicated there was no service attempted.

During his interview with the Division, the respondent admitted he did not attempt to serve either subpoena, but had claimed to for the purpose of avoiding disciplinary action.

He explained there was an expectation for officers in the Daly City Police Department to make an attempt to serve subpoenas. And no attempt was not acceptable, and he had observed other officers inaccurately note attempts of service when no attempt was made.

When asked why he made false statements during his Internal Affairs interview, he stated, quote, "I -- I don't know why I did that. It was untruthful and I had no reason to," end quote.

In addition to the facts provided, I would like to present information the respondent disclosed during the interview with the Division.

The respondent stated he received some personal information from May 24 -- 2024 to December 2024, which he believed affected his mindset at the time.

The respondent stated he agreed with the agency's sustained findings in all three investigations, which is why he did not appeal his determination.

The respondent has attended therapy and stressed accountability for his actions.

The Division presents this information for the purposes of California Regulation 1213, which states, in essence, the Commission shall consider any of the 15 listed factors in considering whether to take action against a peace officer's certification.

Penal Code section 13510.8(b)(1), and California regulation -- Code of Regulation 1205(a)(1), defines "serious misconduct," in essence, as "Dishonesty relating to the reporting, investigation, or prosecution of a crime, or relating to the reporting of or investigation of misconduct by a peace officer or custodial officer, including, but not limited to, false statements, intentionally filing false reports, tampering with, falsifying, destroying, or concealing evidence, perjury, and tampering with data recorded by a body-worn camera or other recording device for the purposes of concealing misconduct."

For the purposes of this subsection and including whether a suspension or revocation of certification is procedure, the Commission shall consider to which the dishonesty related to a material or significant fact in the context of the statement or admission alleged to be dishonest; and will also consider whether the dishonesty appears to have been done willfully or intentionally with the intent to deceive.

The Division has determined clear and convincing evidence demonstrates the respondent engaged in the serious misconduct of dishonesty because he lied during three separate Internal Affairs interviews on January 31st, 2025, for the purpose of concealing his misconduct.

The Division recommends that the respondent's POST certification be revoked or suspended.

The Division's recommendation is based on the following:

A. The respondent admitted he made false statements in the Internal Affairs interviews;

B. The respondent's false statements were related to the investigation of misconduct by a peace officer;

C. The context of the false statements were material facts in the investigation of his own misconduct.

And, D. The respondent willfully and intentionally attempted to deceive the Daly City Police Department Internal Affairs investigator by providing false statements in his interviews.

With that, I'm happy to answer any questions that the Board may have.

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: Are there any questions? Are there any questions from the Board?

Yes.

MEMBER PENA: Does -- Pena.

POST does a lot of training for new officers and officers throughout their career.

Does POST do any training on how to tell the truth, or what is the truth, or what is a lie or how to be truthful, etc.?

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: I'm not sure I understand your question.

Do you understand the question?

MS. MOORE: I don't.

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: Yeah. I'm sorry. The question that you are -- your question was confusing.

I don't know if you are asking how to decipher if someone is telling the truth or how they should speak the truth.

Could you say more?

MEMBER PENA: It -- I know it sounds peculiar, but -- so we all have our definitions of what telling the truth is and what is -- how we would define "telling the truth."

Does POST have training for officers on what it means to tell the truth and the importance of telling the truth?

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: I -- I think those are two

different questions.

Does -- so let me try to rephrase it and tell me if I hit it.

First, to the second one, which I think is a little easier. Does POST stress the importance of telling the truth? Is that one of your questions?

MEMBER PENA: Yeah. But that's more of a sub.

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: Okay.

MEMBER PENA: It is not as -- I would assume they do that.

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: Okay.

MEMBER PENA: But it is more -- what I'm getting at is, I think, in some instances, people actually need to learn how to tell the truth and what it means to tell the truth.

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: Okay.

Go ahead. We have an answer.

MS. DEL MUGNAIO: Board Member Pena, as part of the basic academy, they have a Learning Domain that covers professionalism and ethics. So it covers that, you know, a peace officer -- one of the primary, I think, roles of a peace officer is to be forthright, accountable, honest, you know, to instill trust. Right? So it is covered in Ethics and Professionalism. And it is probably covered throughout many other courses with

different titles.

But that's one in particular.

MEMBER PENA: Okay. I just --

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: Anyone that does an investigation here has to have gone through the training.

MEMBER PENA: Yeah. I would just say my -- sort of my personal observation in life is that telling the truth -- being truthful has gone through a transition.

And I would think, possibly, with different generations, that it would be helpful to have training on what exactly it means. Like what kinds of standards you are looking for when you are talking about telling the truth.

MS. DEL MUGNAIO: I think something else to keep in mind is, one of the acts of serious misconduct is dishonesty, for a reason; that that is a fundamental part of a peace officer's obligation in terms of the public trust. And they have a privilege of the state.

So I think it underscores everything a peace officer does.

And the fact that dishonesty could result in decertification, we emphasize that at most of our -- all of our presentations on serious misconduct; that there could be things that you could do to make -- that make

mistakes, that bad judgment. But it is hard to come back from dishonesty.

You know, it is why they are -- yeah. You know, they are placed on lists and they can't testify in court.

MEMBER PENA: Right.

MS. DEL MUGNAIO: There's a number of things that happen if a peace officer is dishonest.

So I imagine that it is instilled in them not just as a fundamental part of POST training and obligation, but throughout their time at the agency they work for, that that is just -- it underscores everything they do.

MEMBER PENA: And I am not -- by my question -- my question is just that -- I'm not really related directly to this case. I'm not in any way suggesting that that's an excuse --

MS. DEL MUGNAIO: Right.

MEMBER PENA: -- for this behavior. It is just generally -- because I look at the profile in terms of all the training that people receive. And I just wondered, is there is a training specifically on telling the truth?

So that's why I asked the question.

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: I think your question is a great question. I was having trouble getting to the

bottom of it.

MEMBER PENA: Yeah.

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: And I understand it.

I never imagined there would be a time when a question like that would be asked because, you know, we know what the truth is, right?

But it has become -- it has become blurry. And I appreciate what you are saying. And thank you for spending the extra time explaining it.

Yes.

MEMBER LARA: Just a quick search. It is -- and I used to be a training lieutenant in charge of the training at the regional academy for the San Diego area.

And I remember there being -- all the various teaching components are called LDs, or learning domains. And it looks like LD1 is Leadership, Professionalism, and Ethics.

And so the bottom line is, the truth is the truth. You either did something or you didn't do something.

And I -- I've been on the job for a while, and one thing that is really hammered into us from the moment we begin is that we are made of our word. And that if we -- and that you can be Brady-listed; that is, prohibited, you know, from testifying in court. And that what you have, as a law enforcement officer, is

your honor and your word; that what you say are the -- the case is the case.

So I want to be clear about that.

And, generationally, I think that's a -- I personally have -- I take exception to that, that this generation is worse than other generations or that the truth is somehow less than it is. You either did something or you did not do something. We are taught to -- and it is a requirement to be ethical, to be truthful.

And so I -- again, to my mind, it is -- in fact, there's a reason it is number one, to my mind, in the training. So it is instilled from us very early on.

And I don't think Mr. Doyle would think any differently, as a law enforcement officer.

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: I think where it has gotten blurry is more political than it is professional to the area of law enforcement. And it's become confusing.

Other comments or thoughts about this case or questions?

Let me just ask questions. Any more questions for the investigator or attorney?

(No response.)

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: Okay. It doesn't appear there are any questions, and now we'll go to public comment.

Is there anyone from the public who would like to address the Board at this time, on this matter?

Yes. Mrs. Johnson.

MS. JOHNSON: I will read this so I can be on my point.

I want to say that this hearing is about more than one officer. It is about the integrity of our justice system. Every day, police officers are entrusted with the power to stop us, arrest us, use force against us, and testify in court.

That power must be masked by absolute honestly. When our officer lies not once, but repeatedly, the damage extends far beyond a single case. Innocent people can lose their freedom, and they do. Mostly Black and Brown. The percentage of that is overwhelming. There's been 27, 30 years and then find out the police officer lied. You can't get that time back.

Families are torn apart. Communities lose faith in the very people sworn to protect them.

We know, from history, that Black and Brown communities have too often suffered the consequences of dishonest policing. Every false report, every dishonest statement, and every lie has the potential to change someone's life forever.

This board has the responsibility to protect the public, not just today, but in the future. Decertifying officers who repeatedly demonstrate dishonesty sends a clear message that the badge is a symbol of integrity, not immunity. The truth is not optional. It is the foundation of justice.

And so I just wanted to say, I think it is -- I mean, I feel like -- Charles, that truth is number one. You -- you don't -- you have to be accountable. If you are a police officer, you can't be, like, "Oops, I don't know how to tell the truth." That is -- that is just -- that is not going to work for our community, for our people.

I mean, if they can't tell the truth, you can't believe anything they say at any time. And this officer, he had lied to his superiors. So if he had lied to the people who feed him, he will lie about anything. So I just feel like that -- I feel like him -- he's at the top. So I think he should be decertified and do something else.

Thank you.

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: Thank you, Mrs. Johnson.

And I did hear that neither the officer or his counsel are present. But let me just be -- make a record of that.

At this time, does the subject officer and/or their counsel wish to make a comment?

(No response.)

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: I'm looking to the audience. I don't see anybody, and nobody is on the screen. Okay.

Okay. All of us received -- Chandler sent out a couple of days ago a public comment that the officer and the attorney had written.

Does anyone need a moment to review that? Or is everyone clear about what was said in those words?

(No response.)

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: Okay. Seeing nobody saying they need additional time.

At this time, does the Board wish to adjourn into closed session for deliberations on this case? Or is the Board ready to take a vote?

MEMBER DOYLE: Doyle. I'm prepared to make a motion.

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: Okay. What's your motion?

MEMBER DOYLE: To decertify.

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: Is there a second?

MEMBER HATCHER-CRAWFORD: I second it. Hatcher-Crawford.

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: And is there any discussion? Abstention? Questions?

(No response.)

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: Okay. Would you take a vote, please?

MR. KNAPP: Yes. Thank you, Madam Chair.

Member Clavo.

MEMBER CLAVO: Aye.

MR. KNAPP: Clavo, aye.

Member Crawford.

MEMBER HATCHER-CRAWFORD: Aye.

MR. KNAPP: Crawford, aye.

Member Doyle.

MEMBER DOYLE: Aye.

MR. KNAPP: Member Dudley.

Member Dudley.

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: Aye.

MR. KNAPP: Dudley, aye.

Member Johnson.

MEMBER JOHNSON: Aye.

MR. KNAPP: Johnson, aye.

Member Lara.

MEMBER LARA: Aye.

MR. KNAPP: Lara, aye.

And Member Pena.

MEMBER PENA: Aye.

MR. KNAPP: Pena, aye.

Motion carries unanimously.

CHAIRPERSON DUDLEY: Thank you.

Okay. One moment, please.

I have just been told the information you have asked for is now available. Member Johnson, a couple of hours ago, you asked for something.

MS. DEL MUGNAIO: Okay. So Board Member Johnson, it was in the report.

Just a quick note on the report.

The report is broken out quarterly. Pages 2 and 3 of the report that you guys received. It is just shy of a full quarter because it was done on the 24th. Obviously, June 24th, June 30th would have been a full quarter.

In terms of public complaints, there was 476, which is pretty common. That's pretty typical for public complaints.

And then in terms of our quarterly reports from the law enforcement agencies, again, four days shy, 2,399. And we report out, it is about 2500 per quarter. So I wanted to give you that piece of information. So it is there in your report.

The only thing I failed to go through -- and this just because -- it should be of interest to the board. Of the cases that you have moved forward, we will

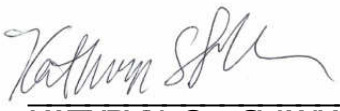
CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER

I, KATHRYN S. SWANK, a Certified Shorthand Reporter of the State of California, do hereby certify:

That I am a disinterested person herein; that the foregoing proceedings were reported, to the best of my ability, in shorthand by me, Kathryn S. Swank, a Certified Shorthand Reporter of the State of California, and thereafter transcribed into typewriting.

I further certify that I am not of counsel or attorney for any of the parties to said proceedings nor in any way interested in the outcome of said proceedings.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 4th day of August 2026.



KATHRYN S. SWANK, CSR
Certified Shorthand Reporter
License No. 13061